**Stone Age to Iron Age Worksheet**

**QUESTION 1**

Choose the best answer for the following multiple choice question, by writing **A**, **B**, or **C** in the box underneath.

“What is archaeology?”

Archaeology is the study of buildings, both old and new.

**A**

Archaeology is the study of ancient remains which can give us huge amounts of information about living things that were around thousands of years ago.

**B**

Archaeology is the art of building huge wooden ships, designed to provide shelter to humans and animals during floods.

**C**

Your answer:

**QUESTION 2**

In the box below, you will see several potential adjectives (describing words) for flint, the stone used by Mesolithic people to make tools. However, some of them are not suitable! Circle all the ones that you think are correct.

**Bendy**

**Sharp**

**Rare**

**Easy to shape**

**Hard**

**Soft**

**Blunt**

**Easy to find**

**QUESTION 3**

Look at the following statements, and decide whether you think they are correct. Circle ‘**TRUE**’ or ‘**FALSE**’ for each one.

TRUE FALSE

TRUE FALSE

When farming spread to Britain, people could start settling in one area all year round.

After farming spread to Britain, most people became vegetarians.

People had lots of farming to do, meaning they had less time to build, craft, and trade.

TRUE FALSE

TRUE FALSE

Farming gave rise to larger communities being established.

**QUESTION 4**

Below you will find all of the steps that people in the Bronze Age would have had to take to make bronze! However, they are in the wrong order! Put them in the correct order in the space underneath, using the blank boxes on the next page.

Melt down the copper and tin using fire in a furnace, which were often made with stone.

1.

Pour the liquid into a mould (which is carved into stone) in the shape of what you are making.

Mine copper and tin from the rocks (ore).

Let the liquid cool and harden, and remove your bronze product!

2.

3.

4

**QUESTION 5**

In the box below are things that you would have found in both Stone Age homes and Iron Age homes. Sort the things into columns in the table underneath – look at each thing and decide whether it would be in a Stone Age home, an Iron Age home, or both!

Fireplace

Small rooms

Wooden rooves

A loom

Thatched rooves

Beds

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Stone Age home | Iron Age home | Both |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**ANSWERS**

**QUESTION 1**

The correct response is B – Archaeology is the study if ancient remains which can give us huge amounts of information about living things that were around millions of years ago.

**QUESTION 2**

The correct adjectives are as follows:

**Bendy**

**Sharp**

**Rare**

**Easy to shape**

**Hard**

**Soft**

**Blunt**

**Easy to find**

**QUESTION 3**

The correct responses are as follows:

TRUE FALSE

When farming spread to Britain, people could start settling in one area all year round.

After farming spread to Britain, most people became vegetarians.

TRUE FALSE

TRUE FALSE

People had lots of farming to do, meaning they had less time to build, craft, and trade.

TRUE FALSE

Farming gave rise to larger communities being established.

**QUESTION 4**

The correct order for the steps are as follows:

1.

Mine copper and tin from the rocks (ore).

Melt down the copper and tin using fire in a furnace, which were often made with stone.

2.

3.

Pour the liquid into a mould (which is carved into stone) in the shape of what you are making.

4.

Let the liquid cool and harden, and remove your bronze product!

**QUESTION 5**

The correct table is as follows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Stone Age home | Iron Age home | Both |
| Wooden rooves | Small rooms | Fireplace |
|  | Thatched rooves | Beds |
|  | Loom |  |

**You may be interested in our** [**KS2 History is Easy Revision guide and mock test workbook**](https://www.amazon.co.uk/KS2-History-Easy-Activities-Questions/dp/1911259105/ref%3Dsr_1_7?s=books&ie=UTF8&qid=1488969392&sr=1-7&keywords=stone+age+to+iron+age)**:**

****